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Role of customers and their potential benefits in Smart Grids

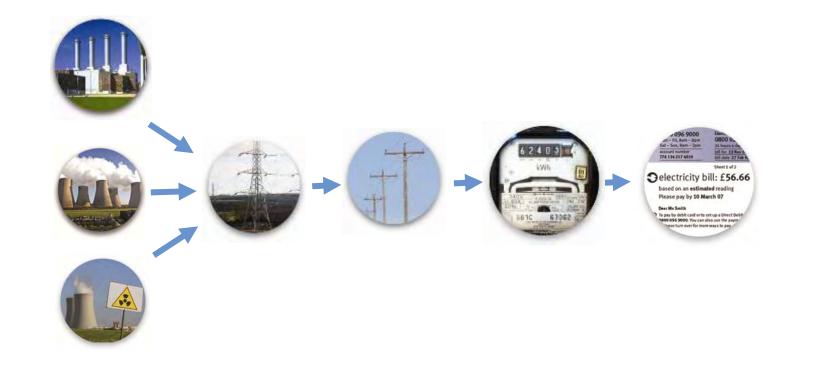
Results from Task 23 of the IEA Demand Side Management Programme

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www.eatechnology.com

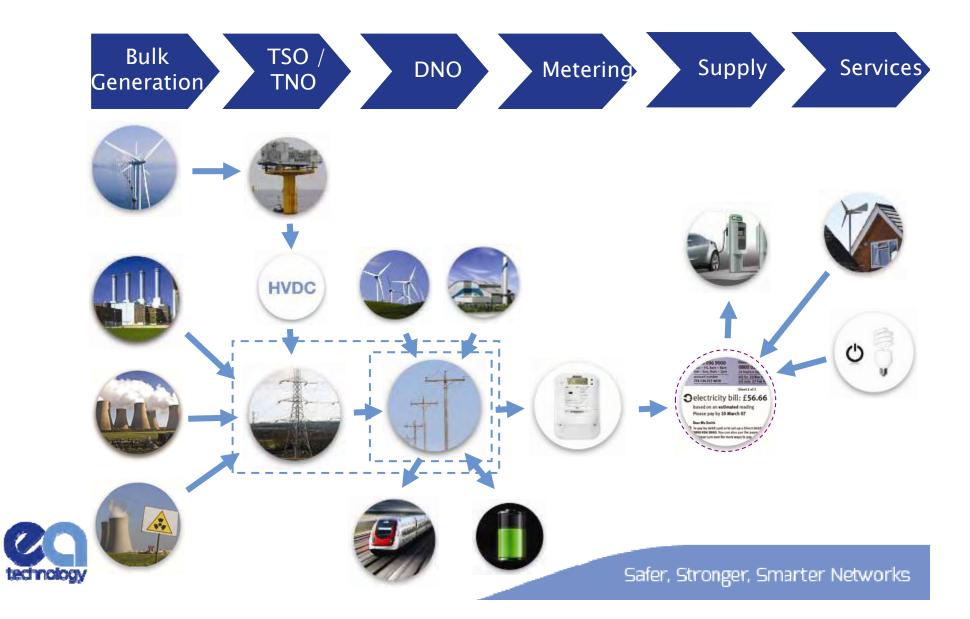
Electricity networks - for the first 100 years



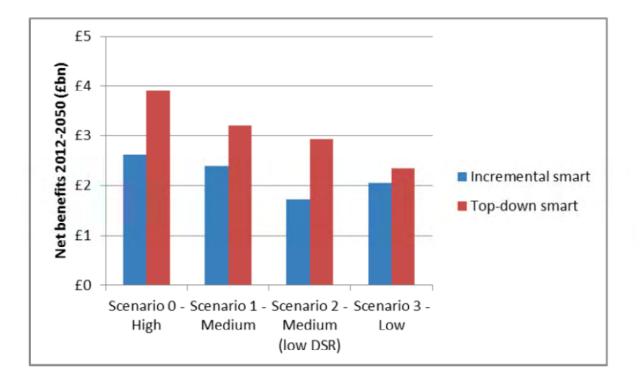


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Smart Grids

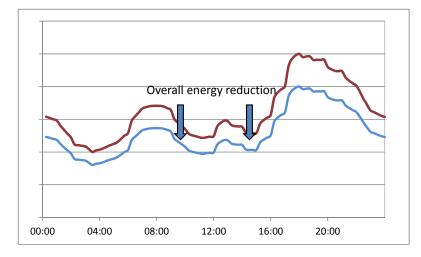


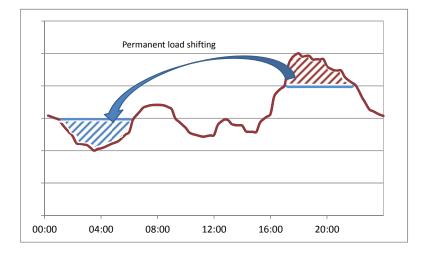
Are Smart Grids needed?

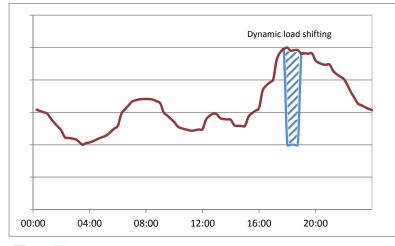


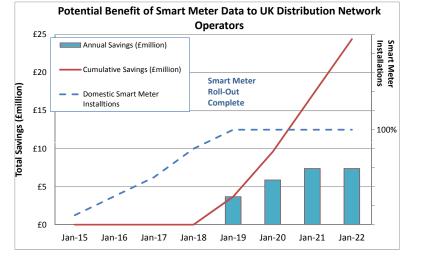


What is the role of customers?











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What are the potential benefits for consumers who 'actively engage' in Smart Grids?

Category	Units		
Money	€, \$, £		
Other reward/incentive	Loyalty points		
Time / convenience	Minutes, hours saved		
Comfort	°C of under/over heating avoided		
Environmental	Kg CO ₂ /year		
Safety	?		



Task 23

Aim

To draw together international experiences in order to provide guidance on how to ensure the demand side become an integral component of a successful Smart Grid.

Scope

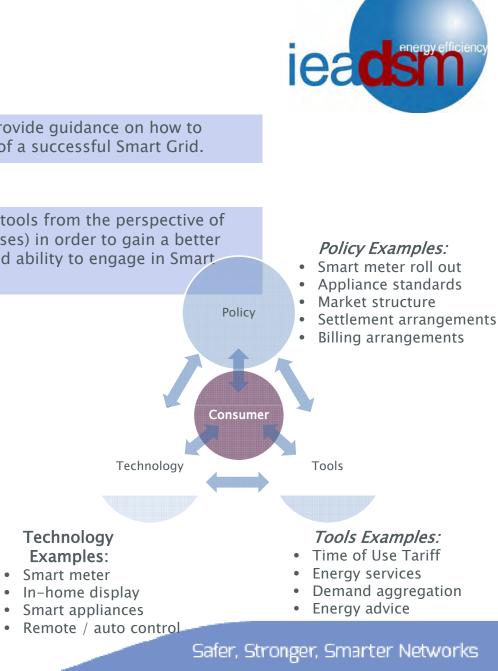
To explore Smart Grid related policies, technologies and tools from the perspective of the consumer (specifically households and small businesses) in order to gain a better understanding of the impact on consumer willingness and ability to engage in Smart Grids.

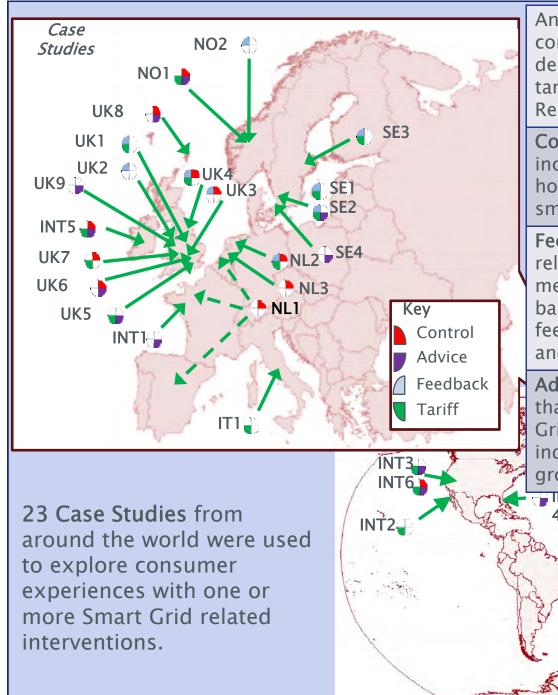
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The partners





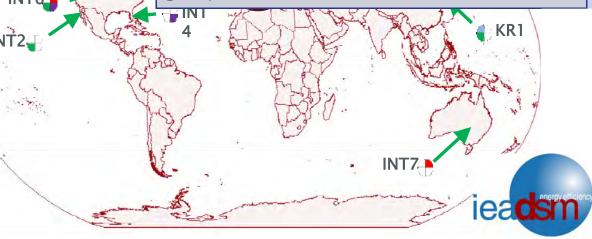


Any **Tariff** or pricing incentive to reward consumers that change their pattern of demand. This includes static Time of Use tariffs, Critical Peak Pricing, Peak Time Rebates and Real Time Pricing.

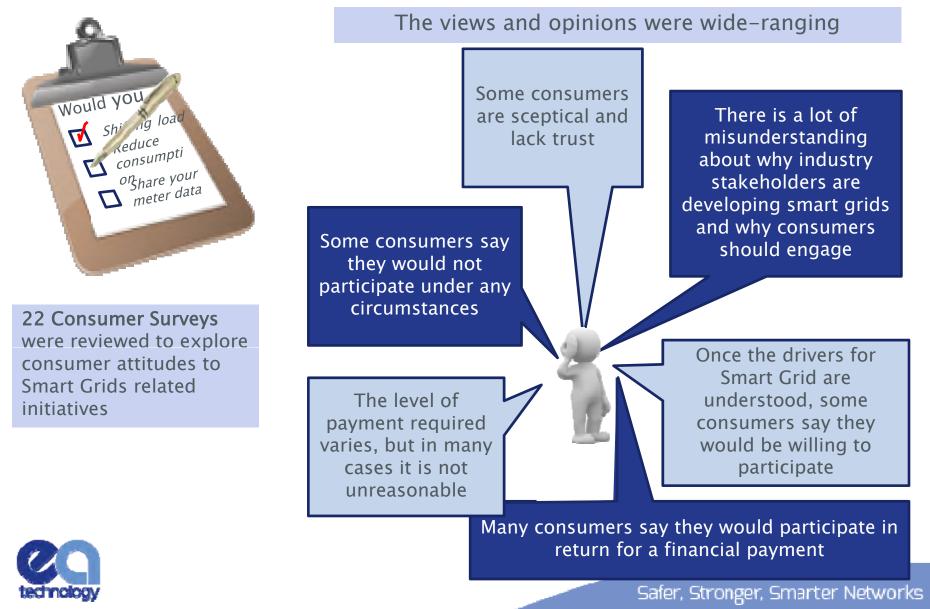
Controls to actively manage demand, including direct/automatic load control, home/building energy management systems, smart thermostats.

Feedback of energy end use information relying on data collected from the smart meter. Includes in-home displays, web based feedback, billing information and feedback via mobile devices such as phones and tablets.

Advice to help consumers deliver outcomes that support the effective delivery of Smart Grids, including advice targeted to an individual or general advice distributed to groups.

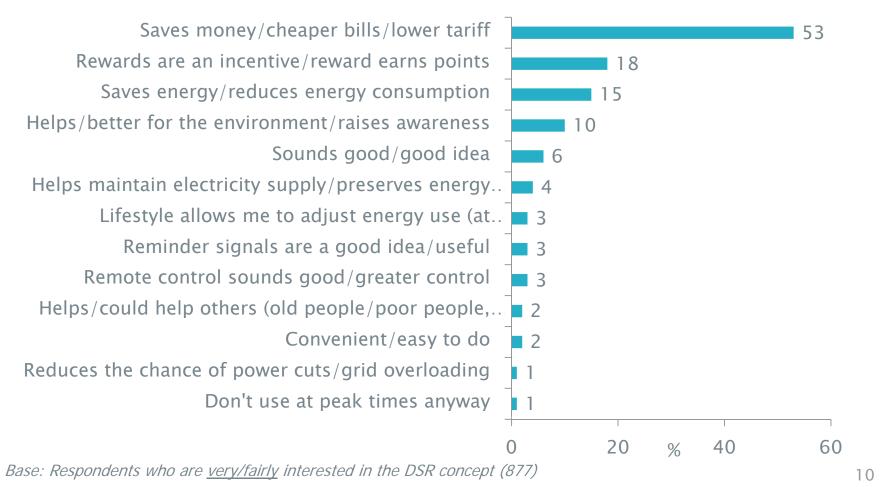


Review of consumer attitudes



Market Research on DSR Attitudes - Main Attractions (Unprompted)

 Saving money (through cheaper rates and/or overall reduced consumption) is a key aspect... alongside any specific incentive/reward scheme



Malvik, Norway Demand Response Trial

- 1 year Demand response trial (2007)
 - \circ Smart metering
 - \circ Remote control
 - \circ Time variable grid tariff
 - \circ Hourly spot energy price
- Results
 - \odot Significant load shifting
 - Customers mainly motivated by economic savings
 - but electricity savings were also important



Source: Sæle and Grande (2011)



Fig. 8. Load profile for a household customer with hot water space heating system and RLC [13].



Mandatory roll-out of time of use tariffs Italy

• Introduced in July 2010

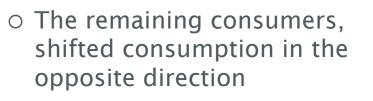
• Peak rates: 8am to 7pm

- Price differential between peak/off peak increased January 2012
- Study to look at impact of tariff on consumption

o 28,000 consumers

- Results
 - Over half the population (~60%) shifted consumption from the peak to the off-peak

But





Overall result

Customers generally say they want a financial benefit from Smart Grids .. but

The traditional approach to predicting whether a consumer will do something is to use a neo-classical economic model

- If Y > X then option will be selected
- If Y < X then option won't be selected

Where:

- Y = benefits to the customer (£)
- X = cost to the customer (£)

BUT: ensuring that consumers receive a financial incentive is not sufficient to secure 'take-up'





EA Technology / Scottish and Southern Energy Power Distribution

• Development of a low cost Electric Vehicle charging system

 \circ avoiding network 'stress'

Trial requirement for 100 participants
o in 10 clusters





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Thinking Energy Trial EON /Milton Keynes Council

- Launched in 2011
- Initially 3 year research demonstration
 - \odot Extended by 1 year
- 75 households
- Development and evaluate of innovative ways of managing energy use in the home
- Initial results:
 - Consumers value ability to remotely control appliances and comfort levels within their homes







The key findings (top five)

1	The impact of electricity markets on consumer engagement in Smart Grid activities is wide ranging and often poorly understood.	There is rarely a one size fits all solution, with many elements of electricity markets representing both facilitators and barriers to participation.	
2	Very little information is currently available on customer attitudes and experiences towards Smart Grids.	Most of the published data focusses on measuring outcomes, with little data available to help with understanding what works and for whom it works.	
3	Information collated from consumer surveys shows that consumers <i>say</i> they want a financial reward in return for actively engaging in Smart Grids.	Evidence from trials shows that there are many reasons that lead to consumers <i>not</i> engaging in Smart Grids.	
4	An assessment of readiness levels shows that whilst significant progress has been made on the development of technologies, the market is not yet 'ready' to accept them. This is referred to as 'crossing the chasm' that exists between early adopters and the early majority.	Early adopters see new technology as a way to "beat the herd" and reap the advantages of the new technology/ practice before it becomes common practice.	Innovetore serily serily lete leggerde mejority, however, are hesitant to new technology, and choose to sit on the fence until it is proven.
5	Neo-classical economic analysis is not sufficient to predict whether or not a consumer will undertake a specific action.	Ensuring that the benefits outweigh any costs does not guarantee energy behaviour change takes place. Non-financial influences are as important, if not more so.	



Thankyou

For further information

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