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Energy Efficiency Today: The 2015 Market Report Bright Business Conference

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Prologue



Over 115 INDCs, over 140 countries Over 85% of energy related GHG



Submitted INDCs as of early Oct cover over 85% of energy-related GHG emissions, with implications for future energy & emissions trends





WEO 2015 CC Special Report



Portfolio of actions to reduce energy sector emissions



Energy Technology Perspectives 2015



Portfolio of actions to reduce energy sector emissions



40% of emissions savings to 2050 come from energy efficiency in IEA scenarios



Cumulative Investment in the New Policies and 450 Scenarios, 2014-2035





IEA fuel market reports

www.iea.org





Energy efficiency is the 'First Fuel'

Savings from efficiency are larger than the final consumption of any other fuel



*IEA-11: Australia, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Sweden, United Kingdom, United States



Energy efficiency investment: bigger than you might think



* IEA (2014), Energy Efficiency Market Report, Paris: OECD/IEA. ** IEA (2015), Renewable Energy Market Report, Paris: OECD/IEA.

*** Frankfurt School-UNEP Center (2015), Global Trends in Renewable Energy Investment, Frankfurt: Frankfurt School of Management, UNEP and Bloomberg New Energy Finance. **** IEA (2014), World Energy Investment Outlook, Paris: OECD/IEA.



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Energy Efficiency Market Report 2015

Focus of the 2015 edition:

- The multiple benefits of energy efficiency investments
- Buildings efficiency market
- Relationship between energy efficiency and electricity markets



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iea Energy efficiency is driving sustainable growth

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Avoided consumption topped 22 EJ (520 Mtoe) in 2014

 Avoided consumption generated by energy efficiency increased by 10% in 2014



Consumers saved USD 550 billion in 2014; USD 5.7 trillion since 1990



IEA consumers are saving hundreds of billions of dollars each year

 IEA countries saved USD 550 billion in 2014 as a result of energy efficiency investments since 1990



Avoided expenditure in IEA countries from energy efficiency investments made since 1990

Annual savings are greater than the EU's fuel import bill



Efficiency's domestic production substitutes for fuel imports

 In 2014, IEA countries avoided primary energy imports totalling 190 Mtoe, saving USD 80 billion in energy import bills and improving trade balances



Avoided imports in 2014, as a result of energy efficiency investments in IEA countries since 1990

Domestically produced, efficiency supports energy security



A clean energy source, efficiency reduces emissions

- Energy efficiency investments since 1990 have helped to reduce IEA country emissions to below 1996 levels
- In 2014 alone, 870 Mt CO₂ were avoided



1990 1992 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014

Almost one year's worth of end-use sector emissions have been avoided by efficiency investments since 1990 in IEA countries



Energy Efficiency in Buildings: Nearly a USD 100 billion market

- Energy Efficiency Investment in Buildings estimated at USD 90 billion with 2/3 in the US, China and Germany
- In the US, and elsewhere, building efficiency investments are growing faster than total buildings investments



Buildings efficiency investments, 2014

- Current trends point to USD 120 billion by 2020
- But investment projections fall far short of the estimated USD 215 billion per annum needed to achieve the 2-Degree Scenario (2DS)



Electricity demand off projections in many OECD countries



TFC ······ 2003 ····· 2005 ····· 2009 — TFC ····· 1999 ···· 2007 ····· 2009 — TFC ···· 2004 ···· 2006 ···· 2009

Demand outlook for electricity has significantly weakened with impacts across the electricity system

> IEA has revised down its demand projections to 2020 forecasting no growth



Energy Efficiency: Flattening electricity consumption in IEA countries

- Electricity consumption in IEA countries has declined by 2% since 2010
- Energy efficiency has enabled businesses and households to meet their energy service demands with 2 200 fewer TWh of generation

5.0% Electricity consumption growth in IEA Electricity savings from efficiency 4.0% 2 500 3.0% 2 0 0 0 2.0% 4 500 M 1 000 ප<u>.</u>0% ₹ 9.0% 500 -1.0% 0 $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}}^{\mathsf{A}}\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}^{\mathsf{A}}\mathcal{O}}^{\mathsf{A}}\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}^{\mathsf{A}}\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}^{\mathsf{A}}\mathcal{O}}^{\mathsf{$

Electricity consumption in IEA member countries and energy efficiency savings (from investments since 1990)

- Low growth is pushing various energy utilities to shift from traditional generation to sale of energy efficiency services
- Energy efficiency is facilitating the achievement of renewables targets by decreasing the amount of additional GWh required



Market Profiles highlight the diversity of energy efficiency markets

Theme	Region	Findings
Energy exporters	Russia	Rising exports increasing income and domestic energy consumption
	Saudi Arabia	Energy exporters increasingly looking to efficiency to boost export volumes
Sub-national government	Токуо	Cities and sub-national governments major enablers of energy efficiency markets
	Seoul	
	Paris	Eager to capitalize on multiple benefits of energy efficiency
	Massachusetts	
Latin America	Mexico	Energy efficiency an important supporter of development objectives
	Brazil	
IEA Member	United Kingdom	Using efficiency to adjust to net-energy importer status



In Saudi Arabia, energy efficiency is increasing export revenues

Domestic energy consumption has nearly doubled since 2000 reducing share of energy production going to exports:



Saudi Arabia has implemented efficiency standards on key sources of domestic energy demand including vehicles and air conditioners

Air conditioner standards alone are targeted to improve efficiency by 35%, saving 47 million barrels of oil and increasing export revenues by USD 2.4 billion



In Seoul, LEDs are substituting for nuclear power

 Seoul has adopted "One-Less Nuclear Plant" plan to reduce energy consumption equivalent of one nuclear plant (2 Mtoe)



http://www.pennenergy.com/articles/pe/2013/10/



- Plan has retrofit 2 267 buildings enabled market with low interest financing of up to USD 2 million per project
- Seoul's lighting plan to go 100% LED replacing 2.2 million security and street lights



From 'Peak Oil' to 'Peak Demand'?

Over recent past: TPES peaked in US in 2007, EU in 2006, Japan 2004

- Policies are focusing on peaking demand:
 - Germany to reduce TPES by 50% from 2008 levels by 2050
 - EE measures in Japan are forecast to decrease TFC by 13% by 2030
 - US aims to double energy productivity which would peak TPES even if GDP grew by 3.5% by 2030
- Global TPES flattening in the 2DS scenario decoupling from GDP growth





Thank you

In what ways does this report help policy makers?

What information would you like to see in future editions?



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